

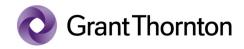
Financial Statements

Youth Employment Services YES

March 31, 2021

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Independent Auditor's Report

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To the Board of Directors of Youth Employment Services YES

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Youth Employment Services YES** ("the Organization"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2021, and the statements of operations and changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Youth Employment Services YES** as at March 31, 2021, and its results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that
 is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Toronto, Canada June 21, 2021 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

Youth Employment Services YES Statement of Financial Position March 31	2021	2020
Assets Current		
Cash Investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,590,909 7,346,630 671,197 61,518	\$ 1,400,569 5,900,726 797,979 52,978
	9,670,254	8,152,252
Leasehold improvements and equipment (Note 4)	219,591	295,479
	<u>\$ 9,889,845</u>	\$ 8,447,731
Liabilities and fund balances Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5) Deferred revenue	\$ 2,417,306 	\$ 2,012,258 1,246,767
	3,824,940	3,259,025
Deferred capital contributions (Note 6)	219,234	295,122
	4,044,174	3,554,147
Fund balances (Note 7) Operating Fund Special Projects Fund	(315) <u>5,845,986</u>	(487) 4,894,071
	5,845,671	4,893,584
	<u>\$ 9,889,845</u>	\$ 8,447,731
Lease commitment (Note 10)		
On behalf of the Board of Directors	\cap	
Michael Kavanagh Director	Venjeul. D	irector

Youth Employment Services YES Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balance -Operating Fund

Year Ended March 31	2021	2020
Revenue		
Provincial Government		
Youth Job Connections	\$ 3,609,231	\$ 4,253,038
Employment Service	2,652,521	2,805,596
Canada-Ontario Job Grant	944,058	943,458
Youth Job Connections - Summer	754,429	773,318
YES 2 Tech Learn and Earn (Y2TLE)	404,695	-
YESAbility	170,385	149,552
Federal Government		4 7 4 5 6 6 4
Youth Collaboration and Job Central	1,673,693	1,745,961
BizStart	1,120,811	1,229,439
Lighthouse	687,776	560,980
City of Toronto	045 500	004 504
Toronto Youth Job Corps	615,560	604,524
Toronto Social Services (Ontario Works)	334,439	269,557
Streets to Jobs	71,036	68,547
Miscellaneous income	84,341	-
Interest income (Note 3)	14,988	41,437
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 6)	176,465	165,908
Less: deferred funding for leasehold improvements and	(400 577)	(400,000)
equipment (Note 6)	<u>(100,577</u>)	(123,200)
	13,213,851	13,488,115
Expenses		
Staff salaries and benefits	6,768,037	6,414,018
Participants' stipends, training allowance and benefits	5,706,693	6,356,500
Program operating costs	1,798,392	1,638,326
Amortization of leasehold improvements and equipment	176,465	165,908
Other expenses	1,068	865
	14,450,655	14,575,617
	14,430,033	14,070,017
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	(1,236,804)	(1,087,502)
Operating Fund deficit, beginning of year	(487)	(885)
Operating Fund deficit, beginning of year	(467)	(883)
Transfers from the Special Projects Fund		
GAP – This Way Ahead	250,662	301,976
Citi Foundation – YES on Demand	214,076	240,350
Citi Foundation – YES2Tech	165,729	-
HSBC – Career Accelerator	184,588	110,291
RBC Foundation	69,196	68,670
Manulife	24,452	62,059
HSBC – Ask A Business Consultant	14,756	52,983
Additional restricted program supports	160,017	150,571
Annual transfer (Note 7)	<u>153,500</u>	101,000
Operating Fund deficit, end of year	\$ (315)	<u>\$ (487)</u>
•	,	

Youth Employment Services YES Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balance -Special Projects Fund

Year ended March 31	2021	2020
Revenue Restricted donations Unrestricted donations Restricted donations – Citi Foundation	\$ 805,891 378,542 379,806	279,016
Investment income (Note 3)	2,212,448	1,266
Expenses Investment fees	23,557	22,213
Excess of revenue over expenses	2,188,891	1,149,396
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,894,071	4,832,575
Transfers to the Operating Fund (Note 7) GAP – This Way Ahead Citi Foundation – YES on Demand Citi Foundation – YES2Tech HSBC – Career Accelerator RBC Foundation Manulife HSBC – Ask A Business Consultant Additional restricted program supports Annual transfer (Note 7)	(250,662 (214,076 (165,729 (184,588 (69,196 (24,452 (14,756 (160,017 (153,500	(240,348) (110,291) (68,670) (62,059) (52,983) (150,571) (101,000)
Special Projects Fund balance, end of year (Note 7)	<u>\$ 5,845,986</u>	\$ 4,894,071

Youth Employment Services YES Statement of Cash Flows

Cash, end of year

Year ended March 31 2021 2020 Increase (decrease) in cash Operating Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses Operating Fund \$ (1,236,804) \$ (1,087,502) Special Projects Fund 2,188,891 1,149,396 Add (deduct) items not involving cash Amortization of leasehold improvements and equipment 176,465 165,908 Unrealized/reinvested gain on investments, net (Note 3) (648, 209)(1,266)Amortization of deferred capital contributions (176,465)(165,908)303,878 60,628 Net change in non-cash working capital items Accounts receivable 354,958 126,782 Prepaid expenses (8,540)(26,220)Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 405,048 (171,053)Deferred revenue 160,867 (424,961)988,035 (206,648)Investing and financing activities Receipt of deferred contributions 100.577 123,200 Proceeds on sales of investments 1,791,749 1,350,992 Purchase of investments (2,589,444)(1,444,120)Purchase of leasehold improvements and equipment (100,577)(123,200)<u>(797,695</u>) <u>(93,128</u>) Change in cash during the year 190,340 (299,776)Cash, beginning of year 1,400,569 1,700,345

\$ 1,590,909

\$ 1,400,569

March 31, 2021

1. Organization and purpose

Youth Employment Services YES ("YES" or the "Organization") was originally incorporated on April 18, 1968 under the Ontario Corporations Act as Youth Employment Service. The operation was subsequently transferred, and all rights, obligations and interests assigned to Youth Employment Services YES, which was incorporated on October 2, 2006 under the laws of Canada and continued under the Canada Not-for-Profit Corporations Act on April 30, 2013. YES is a Canadian registered charity under the Income Tax Act, Canada.

YES is engaged primarily in activities assisting disadvantaged young people, between the ages of 15 and 30, in finding and keeping employment and provides similar services for adults should the need arise. YES also operates a Youth Business Centre to help youth become self-employed or start their own business.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, the more significant of which are outlined below:

Fund accounting

The Organization follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions and follows the principles of fund accounting, under which resources for particular purposes are classified for accounting and reporting into funds corresponding to those purposes.

The Operating Fund represents YES's program delivery and administrative activities. This fund reflects unrestricted resources and restricted operating grants.

The Special Projects Fund reflects restricted and unrestricted donations, to be spent as the donor and/or the Board of Directors (the "Board") directs.

Revenue recognition

Revenue of the Operating Fund is recorded when received or receivable and collection is reasonably assured. Restricted and unrestricted donations are recognized as revenue of the Special Projects Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions and grants without a restricted fund are deferred in the Operating Fund when initially recorded in the accounts and recognized as revenue of the Operating Fund in the period in which the related expenses are recognized.

Contributions restricted for the purchase of leasehold improvements and equipment are deferred and amortized into revenue of the Operating Fund at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related leasehold improvements and equipment.

Investment income is recognized as earned.

March 31, 2021

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Leasehold improvements and equipment

Leasehold improvements and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. When leasehold improvements and equipment no longer contribute to YES's ability to provide services, the carrying amounts are written down to their residual value.

Leasehold improvements and equipment are amortized on a straight-line basis using the following annual rates:

Furniture and equipment 5 years
Computer equipment 3 years
Leasehold improvements Over the term of the lease

Amortization at any half the above rates is provided in the year of acquisition for furnitur

Amortization at one-half the above rates is provided in the year of acquisition for furniture and equipment and computer equipment.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Organization tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to the projected undiscounted future net cash flows the long-lived assets are expected to generate through their direct use and eventual disposition. When a test for impairment indicates that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent carrying value exceeds its fair value.

Allocation of expenses

General support expenses such as salaries and benefits, professional services, office expenses, promotions, bank and payroll charges, insurance, membership, staff travel and staff development and training, are expenses that are covered by funders through administration fees or organizational infrastructure costs.

YES receives administration or organizational infrastructure fees, which are based on each funder's allowable percentages set in the contracts or guidelines, to cover general support expenses. Administration or organizational infrastructure fees are either negotiated or set by the program funders at the beginning of each program term.

The details of the expense allocations are disclosed in Note 8.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires that management make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses for the fiscal year then ended. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates. Items subject to significant management estimate include amortization of leasehold improvements and equipment, the estimate of allowance for doubtful accounts, measurement of deferred grant revenues, amounts owing to government funders and the vacation pay accrual.

March 31, 2021

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

The Organization's financial instruments consist of cash, investments, accounts receivable, and accounts payable.

Financial assets or liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently the Organization measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost except for investments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in investment income.

3. Investments

	2021	2020
Pooled funds High interest savings account Guaranteed investment certificates Cash held in the investment account	\$ 4,156,878 2,559,752 630,000	\$ 3,508,669 1,307,760 1,062,905 21,392
	\$ 7,346,630	\$ 5,900,726

The guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) are cashable within one year. The GICs mature in December, 2021 and January, 2022 and earn interest at 0.70% and 0.65% per annum, respectively.

Investment income consists of the following:

	2021	2020
Operating Fund Interest income	<u>\$ 14,988</u>	\$ <u>41,437</u>
Special Project Fund Reinvested income Unrealized gain (loss)	142,737 505,472	70,846 (69,580)
	648,209	1,266
	\$ 663,197	\$ 42,703

March 31, 2021

4. Leasehold improvements and equipment

			2021	2020
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Leasehold improvements	\$ 368,115 783,859 487,552	\$ 280,835 674,842 464,258	\$ 87,280 109,017 23,294	\$ 123,739 130,105 41,635
	\$ 1,639,526	\$ 1,419,935	<u>\$ 219,591</u>	\$ 295,479

5. Government remittances

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances owing of \$33,568 (2020 - \$27,115) in relation to source deductions and \$51,273 (2020 - \$4,807) in relation to provincial funding surpluses. These amounts were remitted during April and May 2021 (2020 - April and May 2020).

6. Deferred capital contributions

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount of grants and donations received for the purchase of leasehold improvements and equipment. The amortization of these contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations and changes in fund balance - Operating Fund.

	_	2021	 2020
Balance, beginning of year Grants and donations Amounts amortized to revenue	\$	295,122 100,577 (176,465)	\$ 337,830 123,200 (165,908)
Balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	219,234	\$ 295,122

March 31, 2021

7. Fund balances

	Opening balance April 1, 2020	Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	<u>Transfers</u>	Closing balance March 31, 2021
Operating fund Special project fund Restricted by the Donor or	\$ (487)	\$ (1,236,804)	<u>\$ 1,236,976</u>	<u>\$ (315)</u>
the Board Program supports	4,730,642 163,429	2,143,936 44,955	(1,201,132) (35,844)	5,673,446 172,540
	4,894,071	2,188,891	(1,236,976)	5,845,986
	\$ 4,893,584	\$ 952,087	\$ -	\$ 5,845,671

The transfers to the Operating Fund from the Special Projects Fund include restricted fund transfers plus an annual transfer totalling \$153,500 (2020 - \$101,000) that was used to fund additional client supports, as well as the general operating fund deficit.

8. Allocation of general support expenses

General support expenses have been allocated to programs as follows:

	Provincial Government	Federal <u>Government</u>	 City of Toronto	 Other	2021 Total	
Salary and benefits Professional services Other	\$ 601,003 9,992 83,038	\$ 244,431 4,064 33,772	\$ 25,527 424 3,527	\$ 79,060 \$ 1,314 10,923	950,021 15,794 131,260	-,
	\$ 694,033	\$ 282,267	\$ 29,478	\$ 91,297	1.097,075	<u>\$1,149,604</u>

The general support expenses are expensed in staff salaries and benefits and program operating costs in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances – operating fund.

9. Donations in kind

The Organization receives a variety of donations in kind for which no donation tax receipts are issued. These donations are not reflected in the financial statements, but they assist YES in meeting its objectives in the most cost-effective manner.

Volunteers also contribute significant time each fiscal year to assist YES in carrying out its service delivery activities. Because of the difficulty in determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

March 31, 2021

10. Lease commitments

YES rents office and operating space under operating leases which expire at various times up to May 2023. Future minimum annual lease payments over the next three years representing base rent are as follows:

2022	435,518
2023	350,621
2024	92,778

11. Financial instruments

The Organization's main financial instrument risk exposures are detailed as follows:

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. YES is exposed to liquidity risk with respect to its accounts payable. YES reduces its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring that it documents when authorized payments are due and maintaining adequate cash reserves to repay advances.

Interest rate and market risk

Interest rate and market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is exposed to interest rate and market risk with respect to its investments. The market risk is mitigated by the Organization through investing in instruments which have a low susceptibility to significant fluctuations in the market.

Credit risk

The Organization's financial instruments that are exposed to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and accounts receivable. YES places its cash investments with high credit quality institutions. At times, such investments may be in excess of the Canada Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit.

The credit risk with respect to its accounts receivable is to the extent that debtors do not meet their obligations. However, this risk is mitigated by the fact that most of the accounts receivable as of March 31, 2021 are from the city, provincial and federal governments. Allowance for doubtful accounts is \$Nil (2020 - \$Nil).

Other risks

It is management's opinion that the Organization is not exposed to significant cash flow or concentration risks arising from its financial instruments.

March 31, 2021

12. Objectives, policies and procedures for managing capital

The Organization's capital is comprised of net amounts invested in leasehold improvements and equipment and the Special Projects Fund.

The investment in leasehold improvements and equipment facilitates the delivery of services to clients.

The Board's objective is to maintain the Special Projects Fund at a level sufficient to meet both the annual working capital requirements and to fund commitments for special projects and programming. The Board has established a statement of investment policy which is conservative and seeks a balance between fixed income investments, which offer the highest immediate income but little protection against inflation, and common stocks, which generally yield a relatively low immediate dividend, but which show promise of dividend growth and appreciation in value. This is monitored by the Board on a regular basis with the engagement of a professional investment manager.

The Board reviews and approves the annual budget (which includes the capital budget). Throughout the fiscal year, the actual results are monitored against the budget.

13. COVID-19

The outbreak of a novel strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") was declared a global pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. COVID-19 has severely impacted many economies around the globe. In many countries, including Canada, businesses were forced to cease or limit operations for long periods of time. Measures taken to contain the spread of the virus, including travel bans, quarantines, social distancing, and closures of non-essential services have triggered significant disruptions to businesses worldwide, resulting in an economic slowdown. Global stock markets have also experienced great volatility and a significant weakening. Governments and central banks have responded with monetary and fiscal interventions to stabilize economic conditions.

The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. It is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of the Organization for future periods. In March 2020, the Organization adjusted its operations in order to limit the exposure of the virus. As at the audit report date, the Organization continues to receive funding to support its services. The Organization remains committed to adjusting its expenditures as necessary to ensure its long-term sustainability.